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## I MINA'TRENTAI UNU NA LIHESLATURAN GUAHAN 2011 (FIRST) Regular Session

Bill No. 149-31(COR)

Introduced by:

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J.T. Won Pat, Ed. D

AN ACT TO ADD NEW § 26217 OF ARTICLE 2, CHAPTER 26 OF TITLE 11 GCA RELATIVE TO ELECTRONIC FILING (E-FILING) AND PAYMENT OF MONTHLY GROSS RECEIPT TAX RETURNS TO THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND TAXATION.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:

Section 1. A new § 26217 of Article 2, Chapter 26 of Title 11 GCA is hereby *added* to read:

"§26217. Filing of returns and payment of taxes by electronic means (E-filing).

(1) Any persons on account of their businesses operating within Guam and levied taxes under this chapter shall be required to file returns and remit payments by electronic means where the taxpayer is subject to tax and has paid that tax in the prior fiscal year on an income that exceeds Twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) or more. Any taxpayer who operates two or more places of business for which returns are required to be filed with the department shall combine the tax payments for all such locations in order to determine whether they are obligated under this section. This subsection does not override additional requirements in any provision of a law which the department has the responsibility for regulating, controlling, and administering.

(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law administered by the department, the term:

- (a) "Payment" means any payment or remittance required to be made or paid within a prescribed period or on or before a prescribed date under the authority of any provision of a law which the department has the responsibility for regulating, controlling, and administering. The term does not include any remittance unless the amount of the remittance is actually received by the department.
- (b) "Return" means any report, claim, statement, notice, application, affidavit, or other document required to be filed within a prescribed period or on or before a prescribed date under the authority of any provision of a law which the department has the responsibility of regulating, controlling, and administering.
- (c) "Electronic means" includes, but is not limited to, electronic data interchange; electronic funds transfer; or use of the Internet, telephone, kiosk or other technology specified by the department.
  - (3) Solely for the purposes of administering this section:
- (a) Taxes levied under Articles I and II of this Chapter shall be considered a single tax.
- (b) A person required to remit a tax acting as a collection agent or dealer for the department shall nonetheless be considered the taxpayer.
- (4) The Director may require a taxpayer to file by electronic means returns for which no tax is due for the specific taxing period and for those businesses below the twenty-five thousand (\$25,000) threshold. The Director may offer a one-time business license renewal fee waiver for those businesses who file electronically below the twenty-five thousand (\$25,000) threshold provided the taxpayer is in good standing with the department.

(5) Beginning January 1, 2012, consolidated filers shall file returns and remit taxes by electronic means.

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- (6) A taxpayer required to file returns by electronic means shall also remit payments by electronic means. A taxpayer who fails to file returns pursuant to this section is liable for a penalty of ten dollars (\$10.00) for each report submitted, which is in addition to any other penalty that may be applicable, unless the taxpayer has first obtained a waiver of such requirement from the department.
- (7) The department shall give due regard to developing uniform standards for formats as adopted by the American National Standards Institute for encryption and taxpayer authentication to ensure that the return and payment information is kept confidential. The department shall also provide several options for filing reports and remitting payments by electronic means in order to make compliance with the requirements of this section as simple as possible for the taxpayer.
- (8) The department shall prescribe by rule the format and instructions necessary for filing returns and reports and for remitting payments in accordance with this section to ensure a full collection of taxes, interest, and penalties due. The acceptable method of transfer; the method, form, and content of the electronic filing of returns or remittance of payments of tax, penalty, or interest; and the means, if any, by which the taxpayer will be provided with an acknowledgment of receipt shall be prescribed by the department.
- (9) The department may waive the requirement to file a return by electronic means for taxpayers that are unable to comply despite good faith efforts or due to circumstances beyond the taxpayer's reasonable control.
  - (a) As prescribed by the department, grounds for approving the waiver include, but are not limited to, circumstances in which the taxpayer, the owner, or an officer of the business, or the taxpayer's accountant or bookkeeper, does not:
    - 1. Currently file information or data electronically with any

business or government agency; or

- 2. Have a compatible computer that meets or exceeds the department's minimum standards.
  - (b) The department shall accept other reasons for requesting a waiver from the requirement to submit a return by electronic means, including, but not limited to:
    - 1. That the taxpayer needs additional time to program his or her computer;
  - 2. That complying with this requirement causes the taxpayer financial hardship; or
  - 3. That complying with this requirement conflicts with the taxpayer's business procedures.
  - (c) The department may establish by rule the length of time a waiver is valid and may determine whether subsequent waivers will be authorized, based on the provisions of this subsection.
  - **Section 2. Severability.** *If* any provision of this Law or its application to any person or circumstance is found to be invalid or contrary to law, such invalidity shall *not* affect other provisions or applications of this Law which can be given effect without the invalid provisions or applications, and to this end the provisions of this Law are severable.